Graham Dollar of 1873 Guardian.

VOL. 1. NO. 41. SAFFORD, GRAHAM COUNTY, ARIZONA, DECEMBER 13, 1895. ESTABLISHED 1895

The Guardian.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

Official Directory Graham County

COUNCIL—Burt Dunlap
LEGISLATURE—Geo. Skinner, Joseph Fish.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—
Henry Hill, Chairman, Clifton
F. W. Hays, Member, Fort Grant.
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H. L. Smith, Clerk, Solomonville.
SHERIFF—Arthur A. Wight, Solomonville
RECORDER—Manuel Leon, Solomonville.
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DIST. ATTY.—Wiley E. Jones, Solomonville
PROBATE JUDGE—Geo. Cluff, Solomonville.
SURVEYOR—Samuel Logan, Solomonville.
ASSESSOR—Pedro Michelena, Solomonville.

G. V. G. & N. RAILROAD,

TIME TABLE:

Between BOWIE and FORT THOMAS.
Taking effect Monday, Nov. 4th at 1;00 p. m.

No. 1.		No. 2.
9 00..a.m..Lv. ..Fort Thomas ‡	....	Ar.7 15.pm
9 32..a.m..Lv....Mathewsville ‡	...	Lv.6 42.pm
9 45..a.m..Ar..	{.....Pima ‡..}	Lv.6 29.pm
10 00..a.m..Lv..		Ar.6 10.pm
10 10..a.m..Lv.....Central ‡	.....	Lv.6 00.pm
10 20..a.m..Lv.....Thatcher ‡	.....	Lv.5 50.pm
10 34..a.m..Ar..	{...Safford ‡...}	Lv.5 36.pm
10 44..a.m..Lv..		Ar.5 21.pm
11 00..a.m..Ar..	{..Solomon ‡..}	Lv.5 05.pm
..a.m..Lv..		Ar.5 00.pm
11 28..a.m..Lv...Rail N Ranch ‡	...	Lv.4 32.pm
11 42..a.m..Lv...Big Wind Mill ‡	...	Lv.4 18.pm
11 56..a.m..Lv...Bailey's Wells ‡	...	Lv.4 08.pm
12 57..p.m..Lv..G. V. G. & N. ys. ‡	..	Lv.3 18.pm
1 00..p.m..Ar.....Bowie ‡	.....	Lv.3 15.pm

Mountain Time

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 run daily except Sunday, connecting with Southern Pacific R. R. at Bowie for all points east and west, and with Layton's stage line at Fort Thomas for San Carlos, Globe City and Tonto Basin.

‡ Stations have no agents.
‡ Telegraph Stations.

The Company reserves the right to vary this schedule as circumstances may require.

WM. GARLAND, President.

Arizona and N. M. Railway,

TIME TABLE:

Going North	Distance from Lordsburg	No. Station	Time table No. 11 Jan. 1. 1895	Distance between stations	Going South
No 2					No. 1
12 00 m		1	†Lds'burg†		10 20 a m
1 00 p m	20	2	†Summit †	20	9 20 a m
2 00 p m	40	3	Ar Duncan†	20	8 20 a m
2 10 p m	....	..	Lv Duncan‡	...	8 10 a m
2 35 p m	47	4	* † Sheld'n†	7	7 45 a m
2 48 p m	50	5	* † Yorks †	3	7 38 a m
3 05 p m	55	6	† Coronado†	5	7 25 a m
3 25 p m	59	7	† Guthrie †	4	7 10 a m
3 55 p m	64	8	* †s Siding†	5	6 45 a m
4 00 p m	66	9	† n Siding†	2	6 40 a m
4 30 p m	71	10	Ar Clifton†	5	6 15 a m

Trains run daily except Sunday
* Stop on Signal † Leave ‡ Arrive.

PROFESSIONAL.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. M. E. Brenner,
Dentist.
SAFFORD, - - ARIZONA
Is prepared to make good false plates from $10.00 up. Teeth positively extracted without pain.
OFFICE HOURS; 9 to 12 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m.

LEGAL.

W. B. Fonda,
Justice of the Peace,
SAFFORD, - - ARIZONA
Special attention given to collections
Water rights bought and sold.
Draws deeds, contracts and all kinds of legal papers. Titles examined and abstracts furnished.

Barnes & Martin,
Law Offices
TUCSON, - - - ARIZONA

Wiley E. Jones,
District Attorney,
SOLOMONVILLE, - - ARIZONA
Practices in all Federal and Territorial Courts

F. L. B. Goodwin,
Attorney at Law.
SOLOMONVILLE, - - ARIZONA.
Practices in all Federal and Territorial Courts.

J. M. McCollum,
Attorney at Law.
SAFFORD - - - - ARIZONA.
Practices in U. S. and Territorial Courts.

M. J. Egan,
Attorney at Law.
CLIFTON, - - - ARIZONA.
Office in the Arizona Copper Co's Building west side of the river.

E. J. Edwards,
Attorney at Law,
GLOBE, - - - ARIZONA
Attends the District Court of Graham County and practices in all the Courts in Arizona.

William Place,
Attorney at Law.
SAFFORD - - ARIZONA.
Notary Public and Conveyancer

R. S. Patterson,
Attorney-at-Law
SAFFORD, - - - - ARIZONA.
practices in all Courts.

John McGowan,
Attorney at Law. Notary Public
Office at SAFFORD and SOLOMONVILLE. Graham County, Arizona.
Will practice in all Federal and Territorial Courts.

PHYSICIANS.

Dr. L. E. Wightman,
Physician and Surgeon.
PIMA, - - - ARIZONA.
Calls answered promptly day and night.
Office, Main street.

LOCAL NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Items of Local Interest Gathered by Reporters on their Rounds.

DOINGS IN AND ABOUT TOWN

Breezy Little Notes of General Interest Picked up Here and There.

Imported Candied fruits at the Safford Drug Store. 12-13-tf.

The town has been full of drummers the past week.

Oil chromoes $1,25 and $1,50 at Fonda's 1t.

Judge Moorman was a visitor in town Tuesday and Wednesday.

For a nice selection of Christmas goods go to Fonda's. 1t

H. A. Morgan of the firm of John H. Norton & Co., of Willcox, was in town on business this week.

Buck wheat flour and Maple syrup at Fonda's. 12-6-tf.

Photographer Hildreth returned home last week from a four month's trip to New Mexico. Mr. Hildreth says that the Mogollon mountains are full of snow.

A full line of clothing, good value at John Blake & Cos. 12-6-4t.

Prof. Boggs, of the Territorial University at Tucson, visited the valley this week, and spent a couple of days in Safford and Thatcher.

A ten inch John Deere Plow with an extra share for $12.50 at I. E. Solomon's. 11-29 tf.

Mr. L. Frye has the tower about completed on which he intends placing a 7,000 gallon tank. Burt don't intend to get dry next summer.

Christmas for the babies. Buy babies shoes at John Blake &Co. 12-13-2t.

Services Sunday morning and evening. Sunday school at 10 o'clock. In the evening a special discourse will be delivered on, "Does Death End All?"

A full line of Fall and Winter Millinery goods just received at T. T. Hunter's. 10-18-tf.

Mr. Frank Lynch, of Thomas, was in Safford last Monday. Mr. Lynch says that Thomas is doing more business now than it has done since its boom days. We predict that Thomas will never go backward again but continue to march forward.

The best harrow—the Acme—made can be had at I. E. Solomon's, Solomonville, for $17.00 cash. 11-29-tf.

E. B. Pomery, editor of the Oakland *Times*, died Thursday in that city after an illness of two weeks. He was district attorney of Arizona for ten years and in June 1881, was elected vice-president of the Arizona and New Mexico Railway company and secretary of the Tucson and California Railway company. Mr. Pomery was well and favorably known throughout the Territory. —Yuma *Sentinel*.

Every lady must have a new winter dress for Christmas. You can buy just what you want at I. E. Solomon's, Solomonville, for 20 per cent less than anywhere else. Seeing is believing. 11-29-tf.

Court House officers complain that during the last few days two or three detachments of troops have arrived in Solomonville after Indians. Their purpose seems to be to be entertained by the citizens, rather than to get information regarding the renegades, for instead of going to the officers of the county they hop-nob with newspaper men and merchants, and take their version of the matter, instead of the information from the Sheriff's office.

If you want good reliable boots and shoes go to Zundel & Fuller, at Thatcher. They have just received a mammoth stock of the best quality of boots and shoes, which they are selling at bed-rock prices for cash. We have also just received an immense stock of clothing and hardware. 12-6-tf.

A phenomina is reported from Ft. Huachuca in the nature of the birth of twins to a colored lady at the post. The unusual spectacle is presented of one of the babies being black as the darkest Ethiopian descendant while the other is "off color," its skin being nearly as light colored as that of a Caucasian. The mystery is explained by the colored nurse who gives as her version that "de por chile has been given too much milk to drink."—*Prospector*.

Packer's salt for meat at John Blake & Cos. $1.70 per 100 lbs. 12-6-4at.

Bluestone at the Safford Drug Store. 10-18-tf.

A SKIRMISH.

Between the Sheriff's Posse and the Apache Renegades.

IN THE WHITLOCK MOUNTAINS

A Chase for Four Days on a Hot Trail. Close Call for the Redskins. Meal on Horseflesh Rudely Disturbed.

The redskins who killed Horatio H. Merrill and his daughter Eliza came near falling into the hands of the posse which left Solomonville led by Sheriff Wight and Deputy Jas. Parks last week.

The pursuers left at 7 o'clock on Wednesday and before night had ridden a distance of about seventy-five miles.

The trail made a short circuit crossing the road and led away to the south.

During the afternoon a shot fired toward the posse from a point some distance up toward the summit of the Whitlock mountains trending southeast from Ash Springs apprised them that they were hot on the trail of the renegades.

About thirty shots in all were exchanged, but the distance being about 800 yards and the Indians being so much elevated above the posse placed the latter at a serious disadvantage. None of the boys were hit as the Indians miscalculated and their bullets went whistling over the heads of the pursuers. It is probable that the distance and the elevated position of the Idnians was such that the bullets from the Sheriff's Winchesters fell short. But two Indians were seen at the time but it is probable that the other four were concealed in the abundant rocks and scraggy bushes from which came smoke, reports and whistling bullets.

The pursuers steadily advanced up the mountain slope, shielding themselves as best they could among the rocks and bushes, being obliged to dismount and lead their horses. Finally the Indians, with a few parting shots disappeared over the crest of the mountain and escaped into the precipitous rocky region beyond, where the following of their trail was an impossible task, the Indians being seen no more that day.

Fresh horses were procured that night by some of the Sheriff's posse and the pursuit renewed next morning. The trail was again located in the valley near Whitlock Cienega and followed rapidly in a circuitous route until night. Again fresh horses were procured and pursuit continued on Friday, the trail leading into the vicinity where the Indians had been originally overtaken and shots exchanged. Here the trail was lost.

On Saturday the posse was increased and a thorough search of the mountain made but they were unsuccessful in locating the trail in that rocky country.

Every effort was made by the posse to wipe out the murderous redskin scounderls and the powers of physical endurance of the pursuers were most severely tested.

Had Mr. Watters, who first discovered the murder, returned at once to Solomonville, there is no doubt that the posse by getting to the scene at daylight next morning would have overtaken the renegades on the open mesa and their capture or slaughter would have been almost inevitable.

The Indians had skipped from their camp near the scene of the skirmish on Wednesday leaving in their haste a pair of moccasins, a horse, a saddle made of gunny sack and bear grass, and also a blanket, which the pursuers brought into Solomonville.

The renegades had also killed on the range a stallion belonging to Will Parks, and having cut out a large slab from one side had roasted it nicely over their camp fire. The delicacy was left smoking hot and untasted by the redskins in their sudden departure. The boys refuse to report how much of the horseflesh they themselves ate.

On Monday night Captain McCormack with a company of soldiers arrived at Solomonville where they camped for the night. On the following morning the company led by Sheriff Wight left for a ten day's scout in and about the Ash Spring range of mountains where the sheriff's posse had their brush with the renegade Indians the preceding Wednesday. The company will be supplied with rations from Duncan.

NOTICE.

Cut Prices in Tooth Pulling. Only 25 Cents per Tooth.

Dr. M. E. Brenner, the popular dentist of the Gila valley, will extract teeth at his office, located in Safford, for 25 cents per tooth and if any person has not the money, credit will be given them for same. He has cut all dental work to the lowest price. 11-22 2t

WAR IS THREATENED.

MORE BLOOD AND THUNDER NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Ambassador Bayard Has Cabled the Contents of Salisbury's Note. The refusal of Great Britain to Arbitrate Will be Laid Before Congress.

A special to the *Times Herald* from its Washtngton correspondent says that war between the United States and Great Britain is threatened. It can be averted only by surrender on the part of England. The contention over the Monroe doctrine has reached a stage which will produce the gravest anxiety on both sides of the Atlantic until the facts become known. If the American Congress will support the President, and of this there can be no doubt, Great Britain will soon be given the choice of surrender or fighting.

"Upon authority which cannot be questioned," reads the dispatch, "it is known that this government has received a cablegram from Ambassador Bayard giving briefly the contents of the note which the Marquis of Salisbury has mailed in reply to Secretary Olney's dispatch of last July. This reply is in substance a refusal to arbitrate any of the territory eastward of the Schomberg line. Moreover, Lord Salisbury raises a new case. He now contends that the Schomberg line was not arbitrarily run; that it was, in fact, located upon authentic data, and the treaty descriptions and the maps, that it correctly represents the western limits of the territory which Great Britain acquired by cession from Holand.

"Receipt of this information caused some excitement in the Washington government. Secretary Olney at once proceeded to confer with th President about it. They agreed in their opinion concerning it. This opinion was that the British Premier was trifling with the merits of the question that he was attempting to evade and delay direct response to the principal issue involved, and to bring on a controversy between the two governments as to historical records and topographical facts. Such controversy, the President and Secretary agreed, if once entered upon might run an indefinate length.

"The programme which the President and Secretary now have in mind is, first to ascertain the the wishes of Venezuela in the premises. If Venezuela is willing to arbitrate on the Schomberg line, then the mission of the United States is, for the time being at an end. Venezuela has repeatedly refused this and it is not expected she will give in now. Once being assured of Venezuela's unwillingness to submit to England's pretensions, the President will refer the whole matter to Congress at an early day for such action at that body may see fit to take. The correspondence will be accompanied by a message from the President explaining the situation, but probably containing no recommendations.

"Congress as the only war-making power, will be left to its own determination, uninfluenced save by facts. When this moment arrives the executive will have exhausted his resources. The future course of the contention will rest with the national legislature. It is expected, however that Congress will at once authorize the President to issue an ultimatum that will cause England to back down or fight."

Christmas goods, toys, candies &c. at John Blake & Cos. 12-6-4t

It Is Dreadful.

To think how many people there are who want a Christmas present and who thinks they haven't money enough to buy one. No matter how little money you have you can get a Christmas present for it at Alexander Bros., Ft. Thomas. They have the largest and cheapest assortment of Christmas goods ever brought into Graham County. If you haven't time to come and select for yourselves, drop a card to them, and their selection is sure to suit you. You can't ask for anything they havn't got, for they know what the people want for Christmas and they have ordered it all. 12-13-tf

Well!! Well!!! But it would do you good and pay you, if you have to come 50 miles to see the display of Christmas goods at I. E. Solomon's, Solomonville, sold cheap for cash. 11-29-tf.

TEAMS WANTED

We want a limited number of good teams to haul coke to Globe. Will pay 60 cents cash and 25 cents for copper back. Hay 50 cts. barley $1.25, all supplies at living prices.

ALEXANDER BROS.
Fort Thomas.

WAS RIDDLED WITH SHOT.

Shooting Affair On the Tempe Road.

A WARM WELCOME TO A THIEF.

He Escapes With His Comrade Leaving A Plain Trail Marked With Blood.

The Phenix *Republican* gives an account of a shooting which occurred on the Tempe road, near Phenix, last Friday night, by a young man named Fernandez Velarde son of Refeal Velarde, who owns a blacksmith shop on the Tempe road across from the water works.

The elder Velarde, in giving his version of the affairs, said that about 9:30 o'clock he was in the house with his son. The latter heard a noise coming from the blacksmith shop a few yards distant, and jumping up said, "some body is breaking into the shop." He grabbled up a shot gun and slipped out. He plainly discerned the form of a man who had come hastily away from the rear of the shop and was making for the roadway. Young Velarde called to him then threw the gun to his shoulder and fired. The thief gave a cry and dropping a buggy cushion he carried, staggered into the road.

The elder Velarde who had also left his house armed with a pistol ran into the road when his son fired the shot. He had hardly reached the center of the thoroughfare when two shots whistled past his ears. The shots were fired by a person who stood several yards east of the shop in the shelter of a tree stump—probably a look out. Just after the two pistol shots were fired the man who was shot by the younger Velarde yelled out to his companion, "for God's sake don't shoot any more," the two then made off into the darkness toward the east end school.

The trail was marked by a line of blood to the bushes near the school, a distance of about 400 yards from where the shooting occurred. The trail ended in the bushes but a large spot showed that the wounded man had bled profusely. His companion had probably gone after a vehicle leaving him to remain in the brush until he returned.

The wounded man is thought to be fatally injured and is in concealment attended by his comrade. Just where he stood when shot are piled several trusses which were fairly riddled with shot and shows that the man was badly hit.

Men's boots & shoes, Ladies shoes, children and infants shoes, the best line in town at JohnBlake & Cos. 12-6-4t.

A CHINESE HOBO.

He Was Ordered Yesterday To Get Out Of The Country.

A Chinese hobo said to be the first to come within the purview of the Federal officials of Arizona is in the county jail under an order of deportation issued yesterday by Judge Bethune. He will be taken to San Francisco in a few days and placed on board a Chinese bound vessel. He was lately arrested by Deputy United States Marshal Ezekiel, who had been shadowing him for a day or two in doubt as to whether he was a Chinaman or a Digger Indian. One day he followed him and saw him enter a Chinese hop joint. That settled his nationality and he was arrested. Other Chinamen said he was a tramp and had been in town at various times, his last arrival here being about two months ago. He has been making his headquarters in a Chinese building called "the Free Mason house." The hobo has been oscillating between Tucson and San Luis Obispo. He has made a half dozen trips between the two towns, making the entire distance on foot. Once he came by the way of Phenix and was detained there for some time in the insane asylum. No papers were found on him authorizing him to remain in this country.—*Star*.

Gee Whiz!! But you ought to see the large and fine stock of Christmas goods on display at I. E. Solomon's, Solomonville. Prices way down for cash. 11-29-tf.

BIRTHS.

PARKS:—On the 6th inst., to the wife of Jas. V. Parks, of Solomonville, a son.

MICHAEL—On the 9th. inst., to the wife of Frank Michael, of Safford, a daughter.

NOTICE TO FREIGHTERS.

1000 teams wanted to haul coke from Fort Thomas to the town of Globe, Ariz., and copper back from Globe to Fort Thomas.
Gila Valley, Globe & Northern Ry. Co., By WM. GARLAND, Prest.
tf. Bowie Station Ariz.

THE DEADLY PISTOL.

Roderick McIntosh Killed by William Gill.

A frightful tragedy was enacted at the White House saloon last Sunday night, at a few minutes after 10 o'clock, when Rodrick McIntosh was shot and instantly killed by William Gill, one of the proprietors of the saloon, says the Silver *Belt*.

McIntosh entered the saloon and called for the drinks; Gill, who was behind the bar, served him, and then called the night bartender, Thomas Jones, to take his place, walked out of the saloon to the sidewalk. Jones testified that he served McIntosh with drinks for himself and a companion, which were not paid for, and Jones told McIntosh he could have no more drinks on those terms. McIntosh asked who said so, and Jones answered "the proprietors." In the meantime Gill had came back into the saloon and sat in a chair opposite the bar. McIntosh again asked Jones for the drinks and was refused, whereupon McIntosh went over to Gill and accosted him, asking for his bill. Gill went behind the bar and took the amount of the bill from the ledger. McIntosh told Gill he did not owe that much and would not pay it. Gill said: "That's what's on the books and you'll pay it." Vile epithets were used, but there is a conflict of testimony as to who gave the lie first.

Gill and McIntosh both grabbed glasses from the bar; which threw a glass first is disputed. Two witnesses testified that Gill threw first; others, that they threw almost simultaneously. The glass thrown by Gill struck McIntosh. That thrown by McIntosh struck a champagne bottle behind the bar. Gill dodged under the bar and came up with a 45 six-shooter, which he held in both hands, and leveling it at McIntosh fired.

McIntosh was standing sideways to the bar, and in the act of taking off his coat, when Gill fired. The bullet struck McIntosh under the right arm, below and a little back of the arm pit, passed through the chest, and probably through the heart, and out at the left side, between the forth and fifth ribs, and through the fleshy part of the left arm. Death was instantaneous.

Gill gave up his gun and remained seated behind the bar until placed under arrest by Sheriff Thompson.

The body of McIntosh lay on the floor of the saloon for some time, until acting Coroner Jones and county Physician Dr. B. G. Fox arrived and viewed it. At the request of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Pascoe, the remains were then removed to the Pascoe House.

The verdict of the cororner's jury was simply that the deceased, Roderick McIntosh, came to his death, on the first day of December, by a gunshot wound, at the hands of William Gill.

The accused, William Gill, was given a preliminary hearing before Justice of the Peace J. M. Jones on Thursday and Friday, and was held in the sum of $5,000 for manslaughter.

A MONSETR.

The Largest Potato Ever Produced in the Country Now on Exhibition at the Post Office.

The largest sweet potato ever produced in this section is now to be seen at the post office in Safford. There are two potatoes on exhibition, the smaller one being an unusally large "spud," but it dwindles into insignificance when placed by the side of the larger one.

They were both raised on the farm of I. E. D. Zundel, at Thatcher, by Mr. Angel. The largest potato weighs thirty-six and one half pounds and measures forty-five inches in circumference, while the smaller one weighs seventeen pounds and measures thirty-two inches in circumference. Both potatoes are well formed and solid, and it would be well to remark that a 7 pound potato grew on the same stem with the 36-pounder.

This story, we admit, sounds rather "fishy" but it is nevertheless true, to which hundreds of people can make affidavit. The big potato will be taken to San Francisco by A. A. Whitney, special agent for the Osborne Machine company. Photographs of the two sitting side by side have been taken by Photographer Somes, which can be had at 35 cents each.

Coming Kentuckians.

Today fifty tourists from Kentucky will arrive in this city. They are simply the forerunner of a large colony that will later emigrate to this valley, whose fame surpasses even that of the old blue grass state. They are a good class of citizens, do not come empty handed, and such people will materially assist in making this the greatest commonwealth in the west *Phenix Gazette*.

THE SCHOOL APPORTIONMENT.

The Heroic Plea of the Teacher of the Lone Star School Falls to Earth When it Reaches San Jose.

EDITOR GUARDIAN:—The voice is the voice of Jacob, but the hand is the hand of Esau. So I thought as I read the card in the *Bulletin* headed "That School Apportionment." To me it bears the ear marks of Prof. Harry Warren, and feels wild and wooly.

Why not state the facts. The County School Superintendent has done just as the Superintendents of Yavapia, Maricopa and other counties have done under the advice of the Attorney General of the Territory.

I am surprised at the *Bulletin*. Its devotion to the interests of the alkali flat upon which is temporarily located the county seat has overcome its usual sense of justice. The attack on Judge Cluff is most unjust; from experience I and many others can say that he is the most carefull and consencious School Superintendent that Graham county has ever had. The county ought to applaud that he has had the courage of his convictions in having done what ought to have been done long before, and held the Teacher's Institute in a building and amid surroundings fitted for it. A jail is no place to hold a Teacher's Institute and it is well known that the hospitality of Solomonville is a myth, every movement there is regulated by the cold maxim of money making greed.

The law will right itself. San Jose district for one will take no part in locking up the school funds.

JEROME H. VAUGHN.
Clerk of School Trustees, San Jose.

IN THE JUSTICE COURT.

Two Misdemeanor Cases In Court This Week.

C. V. White was arrested last week on a complaint of the school trustees for disorderly conduct, being drink and disturbing the school. He was taken before Justice Fonda but took a change of venue to Thatcher.

The case came up before Justice Woods, of that place last Wednesday. After a careful trial Mr. White was found guilty and fined $50.00 or fifty days in the county jail.

On Monday last Jas. H. Hildreth went to the new building of Jefferson & Smith to see D. B. McCall concerning some land deal between them. They had not been talking long until loud and angry words were bandied, and vile epithets used. Then the next thing the spectators saw was McCall striking Hildreth with a hammer. Hildreth stumbled over and using McCall's own language, "he crawled on top of him." McCall was taken off Hildreth who was bleeding like a "stuck hog." Later in the day Hildreth had McCall arrested and the trial came up before Justice Fonda on Tuesday. District Attorney Jones represented the Territory while Robt. S. Patterson and James Morris looked after the interests of the defendant.

A jury trial was demanded. Part of the witnesses swore that Hildreth called McCall a son of a b—first while some swore that McCall did the first "nick naming." All were agreed, however, that McCall struck him with a hammer. The jury either did not believe that Hildreth was struck or else believed that he called the first son of a b— and that McCall was justified in striking him, for they brought in a verdict of not guilty and the defendant was discharged.

FROM THE EAST END.

MORENCI.

On Sunday, December 1st, the members of the Clifton Gun club joined those of Morenci to compete for prizes offered by the latter club. At 1:30 p. m. the shoot began and continued until nearly six. Mr. Wythe Denby and Mr. Pacho carried off the "honors" for Morenci, Mr. Tom Davis for Clifton. A large audience was present and each successful "man at the score" was cheered to his heart's content.

Last Saturday evening, the young folks of Morenci gave a very delightful dance, a large number attended, including many from Clifton.

CLIFTON.

On December 28th, the young men of Clifton intend giving a minstrel show, the old post office is being fitted up for the occasion and from other elaborate preparations being made, it seems as though the affair ought to be a success.

Do your own painting. Paint ready for use at the Safford Drug Store. 10-18-tf.

The Guardian

For 16 to 1.

Dollar of 1873.

Published Every Friday

—BY THE—

GUARDIAN PUBLISHING CO.,
(Incorporated)

JOHN J. BIRDNO, - - Manager.
HARRY B. FOX, - - Secretary.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1895.

TERMS:

Per year, in advance	$2.00
Six Month	1.00

Address all Communications
The Guardian Pub. Co.,
SAFFORD, ARIZ.

LATE EDITORIAL.

IT seems that Cousin John must either fight Uncle Sam or take water.

THE GUARDIAN is the paper in which to advertise your Christmas goods.

Now that it's asserted the crow is really the farmer's friend, somebody will eventually say he's not as black as he's painted.

ALTHOUGH we printed a large number of extra copies, the GUARDIAN was in such demand last week that we are now entirely out.

CLAUDE FALLS WRIGHT thinks the Endeavorers had no right to pray for Ingersoll. It would be interesting to know what Bob thinks about it.

A CHICAGO man has invented a bicycle that accommodates the whole family. Other styles are successes, but this is calculated to bring down the house.

The Woman's Suffrage Association of Arizona was organized at Phenix on the 6th inst. and Mrs. L. C. Hughes, wife of Governor Hughes was elected president.

THERE is more business transacted in Safford in one day now than there was in one month five years ago. This is a good indication of a steady growth.

THE article in last week's GUARDIAN headed "Bustling Graham," was taken from the Phenix *Gazette* but through an error was not credited.

DURRANT has been sentenced to be hanged at San Quintin. When the sentence was pronounced he simply smiled defaintly, and commenced talking with his father. An appeal to the supreme court will be asked for.

THE proposed new school house in Safford is attracting attention all over the Territory, and people are beginning to believe that this portion of Arizona is what we have always claimed that it is, the very best part of the Territory.

THE work accomplished under the direction of the Safford Improvement and Social Club has made a vast difference in the appearance of our town in the last few weeks. We advise all other towns to organize an improvement club.

IT is now near Christmas and people are beginning to wonder what they will buy, and where they will buy their Christmas goods. You can get out of your delimma by simply looking through the advertising columns of the GUARDIAN. You will find that the firms whose advertisements appear in these columns carry first class goods, and sell at reasonable prices.

IN his annual report Secretary Herbert says that the number of enlisted men in the navy needs to be increased by about 1,000. There are not men enough in the service to man the new ships, and the efficiency of the navy is thus injured. There is little necessity for ships if congress does not supply them with men, and there is no use of inaugurating a vigorous foreign policy unless we have a navy to back the notes which emanate from the state department. The very first thing necessary for a vigorous foreign policy is a navy, and to make one it takes men as well as ships, and both cost money.

STABILITY OF VALUES.

The Sophistry of a Gold Standard Writer Completely Overturned.

The sound currency committee of the New York Reform club, which is busy issuing pamphlets to prove that the less money there is in the country the more the individuals of the United States will have, has favored the Express with a document from the pen of Mr. Frank L. McVey, entitled "Quality of Money and Wages." Mr. McVey discusses the quality of money and says, among other things, "for obvious reasons stability of value is an essential quality of a medium which is to be permanently used. Indeed, it is conceivable that a more bulky material, such as iron, might for currency purposes be on the whole better than gold, provided that the value of iron at different times and places was more stable than that of gold. In fact, however, the very bulk of iron when compared with gold of the same value tends to make iron less uniform in value than gold. A metal so bulky that a given value of it can with difficulty be transported from place to place, and the local value of which is therefore so largely dependent on local demands is naturally less stable in value than one of which the same value can be easily transported that the relations between the local demand for it and supply of it are practically fixed by the relations between demand and supply in a whole country, and almost at once in the whole world. Taking the world over, therefore, for this reason alone (and there are others), gold is more stable in value than iron, just as iron is more stable in value than potatoes; and both on account of the great bulk of a given value and the great variations in their value at different times and places. Potatoes would be less acceptable than either iron or silver or gold as a standard of value or as a medium of exchange"

Mr. McVey is sound in his premises but wrong in his conclusions. Every one of us agrees that the more stable and unchanged a money is in value, the more satisfactory it will be to do business with. It is customary to say that gold is of a stable value, while the other commodities fluctuate, but as a matter of fact gold fluctuates more than any other commodity. The productions of the farm and factories decrease in value, compared with gold, because gold increases in value compared with them. It is nonsense to talk of the intrinsic value of gold. Probably none of the more common metals has less intrinsic value than gold. The intrinsic value of anything is its value to sustain life, to help man clothe himself, or to furnish him with more of the necessities or pleasures of existence. Gold, aside from its position as money, does none of these things. If either gold or iron were to be banished from the earth, mankind would not hesitate to retain iron and allow gold to depart. Lead, copper, zinc, in fact all the baser metals, have intrinsically more value than gold. Silver has a greater intrinsic value. It is harder and more durable, and can be used in the manufacture of knives, forks, and other useful articles much more easily than gold. The intrinsic value argument therefore falls to the ground and gold becomes valuable simply from a monetary standpoint.

The question then remains, has gold fluctuated in value, or is it the commodities that have fluctuated? If the same amount of flour, of potatoes, or other farm products are needed to sustain life to-day, as formerly, then the intrinsic value of flour, of potatoes, etc., has remained stationary. The same thing is true of the commodities used in the manufacture of the articles used in our business, or our home life; intrinsically their valbs increases only when they become capable of doing us greater service. If this proposition is correct, it follows that it is not commodities, but money, that has fluctuated in value. That kind of money, therefore, which retains its value to other commodities the most closely is the most stable kind of currency. If the production of silver has kept pace with he increased productions of the stabilities and luxuries of life, then we will find the value of silver and the value of other products more nearly on a par.

As matter of fact, this is exactly what has occurred. Silver, wheat, farm products and clothing have risen and fallen in value together. Of course, sometimes particular circumstances have tended to increase the value temporarily of this or that article of commerce, but taking the average for a term of years, the value of silver compared with that of other commodities has remained very much more stationary than the value of gold. It follows, therefore, that if Mr. McVey's premises are correct, and we believe they are, silver possesses in a far greater degree than gold that very essential characteristic of the best money—stability of value.

Mr. McVey attempts to prove that even if wages are lower on a gold basis than they would be on a silver basis, nevertheless the laborer loses nothing because he can buy more with his gold than he could if he were paid in silver. The fallacy of this idea, however, becomes self-evident when it is seen that in gold countries the wage-earner receives relatively less money, measured by what he can buy, than he does in silver countries. It is a notable fact that while in the United States the consumption of wheat per capita has fallen nearly two bushels per annum, it has risen in Mexico and other silver countries. It is also worthy of note that while the manufacturers in Mexico are rapidly increasing, and the condition of the people is improving daily, that the exact opposite of this has taken place in this country. While goods are certainly cheaper in the United States than ever before, their consumption has fallen off, and the demand for them has greatly decreased. It is evident that the Mexicans with their silver are able to purchase more than Americans with gold, even though wages are lower in Mexico than in the United States compared on the same monetary basis. Mr. McVey's table of the cost and stability of wages in the United States from 1860 to 1891 shows that while the purchasing power of currency was 25 per cent. lower in 1865 than it was in 1860, yet the currency wages were 50 per cent. higher, and this, be it remembered, was at a time when a gold dollar was worth two and one-half times as much as the paper dollar, in which wages were being paid. It follows, therefore, that even with a greatly depreciated currency the wage-earner was better off than he could have been on a gold basis with but little money in the country.
—Los Angeles Express.

THE DUTY OF THE PUBLIC TO THE SCHOOLS.

An Address Delivered to the Graham County Teacher's Institute by Prof. L. V. Rosser.

The first question that arises is the consideration of this subject in as to who is meant by the public. In works on school government, there are said to be four parties comprehended in the idea of a school. These parties are: 1st, the public; 2nd, the parents and guardians; 3rd, the children; 4th, the teachers. Then the public is defined to be the state, county, or district, as a body corporate represented by its agents, the school officers. Under this view the duty of the public to the schools is a very extensive topic, and may be sub-divided into many minor heads. It may be useful to mention some of these. 1st. To provide a sufficient revenue to meet the necessary expenses of the schools.

2nd. To keep the schools in session for a full term of nine months.

3d. To employ a full force of competent teachers and none but professional teachers.

4th. To provide comfortable school houses with agreeable surroundings.

5th. To provide suitable school apparatus and goods chool libraries of choice books.

6th. It is the duty of every qualified elector to vote at all school elections and to see to it that suitable persons are chosen for school officers.

7th. It is the duty of every citizen to encourage the schools by visiting them frequently, not only on public occasions but also at any other time.

8th. It is the duty of every person while in the presence or hearing of school children to be especially careful in depotment and discreet in language, so as to avoid setting an immoral or ill-mannered example.

It is greatly to be regretted that the haunts of many of our people in reference to the last named heading are such as to counteract, in a large degree, the instructions of the teacher in the school room against the use of profane language; but it is feared that the punypiping of the school teacher on this subject would be like spitting against the current of the wind, and that the spray of his words would simply return to his own face to mock him. It is evident that the chief and most important duty of the public is to provide for the necessary expenses of the school for a full term of nine or ten months, with a sufficient force of competent teachers. How far the schools of Graham county fall below par in reference to the length of the terms (about one half or 50 per cent) is a matter of common notoriety and general regret. But it does not seem to be so well known and appreciated that they fall equally as low in reference to the force of teachers employed. This point was plainly brought out under the old apportionment law, which counted one teacher to every fifty pupils of the census roll, and plainly provided that a force of teachers should be employed according to that raito. This law was repeatedly and continously violated all over this county by employing only about one half that number of teachers. Under the new law, as under the old, the force of teachers is only about one half the number necessary. Fifty pupils by the census roll gives an average daily attendance for the term of not less than thirty pupils. According to the experience of teachers and by the school laws all over the United States, this number is an ample supply of pupils for a teacher. It thus becomes apparent that our schools fall below the standard by another 50 per cent or nearly so.

Then, rating the condition of our schools by reference to a possible 100, as is customary with the wheat and other crops, we are forced by these figures to place their condition at about 25 to 30. If any one doubts the correctness of this rating, let him only come into the school room during the first week of one of our five month's terms of school just after a seven months vacation of forgetting, and he will be forced to acknowledge the correctness of the estimate. It is worth while to notice while passing, that the long vacation of forgetting is more disasterous to some branches of study than to others. It is especially fatal to arithmetic, the study of all others most important for boys. Arithmetic is begun every fall. The close of the term leaves the larger boys floundering in fractions, if they are so fortunate as to have gotten that far. The new term finds them beginning where they began the term before, thus the treadmill works, term in and term out, for three or four or even five or six successive years. Here is a fearful waste of time, energy and money.

The course of study in all common schools of the present day, where any pretension is made of keeping them abreast with modern advancement, not only requires the usual recitations in reading, spelling, arithmetic, &c, but also demands of the teacher to give oral lessons at regular stated times an various other subjects; such as, civil government and political economy, physiology and hygine, physics, plants and animals, rocks and minerals, form and color, morals and manners, besides frequent exercises in vocal music and calisthenics, drawing and penmanship. Now, in ungraded schools, even where there is a full force of teachers, it is a very difficult problem for the teacher to find time to touch on a few of these subjects. With our overcrowded schools with one teacher attempting the work of two, the problem is wholly or well nigh beyond practical solution. Again, it is universally conceded that the best method of maintaining order in the school room is to keep the children busy, especially the little ones. With a double allotment of pupils to the teacher this efficacious remedy is frequently out of reach, the result is that the children grow up in at least partial idleness and readily acquire vicious habits.

To be continued.

L. L. DYCHE, of the Kansas State University says he is going to reach the North pole. He talks the same as all other artic explorers, that there is no possibility of a failure, that he is just as certain to reach the pole as the sun shines. Prof. Dyche's plan seems to be about the only practicable way of reaching the pole if it is ever to be accomplished. He says he will start out with no less than 12 year's provisions, and will commence to store them on the southern shore of Greenland and continue to make stores no further apart than one day's sledge journey. He believes that the difficulty of reaching the pole is not in the coldness of climate but in the lack of provisions and he proposes to overcome this difficulty by taking plenty with him.

THE climate in Graham county cannot be beat.

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Next to Fonda's Store.
W. F. DUDLY, Prop.

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Flouring Mill
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Wheat
Wanted at Once
We are now running regular and are prepared to grind wheat at short notice.
Flour
Guaranteed
First-Class
Farmers who desire their grain ground at once will do well to learn our prices.
CORN MEAL,
BRAN, SHORTS
AND ALL MILL PRODUCE
FOR SALE.
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Beef, Mutton and Pork Fresh each Week Day.

Our Shop Closes at 3 o'clock p. m. on week days, and at 9 o'clock a. m. on Sundays.
Regular Customers
Wishing meat delivered will be accommodated. Will also run a delivery wagon to Thatcher.
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"Keep in the Middle of the Road,"
THE FIGHT IS NOW ON.

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Cartoon with every issue.
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CRIS. MADSON,
Proprietor.
Good Riggs and Fast Horses can be Had at all Times.
Teams Let by the Day or Hour.
Our Boarding Stable is the Best Equipped in the county.
Main Street.
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SALOON,
JOHN PARKER, - PROP,
FORT THOMAS, A. T.
This Saloon in located convenient to depot, and travelers enroute to Globe will find good accommodations.
First-Class Restaurant Attached
Fine Stock of Wines Liquors and Cigars
Come Visit us

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SOLOMONVILLE - ARIZONA
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Who always keeps in Stock the
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Schlitz and Anheuser Beer
Always in Stock.
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REAVES and PARKS, Proprietors
Whiskies, Brandies, and Cigars.
Private Club Room for patrons
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WM. ROLLINS
Contractor AND Builder
IS PREPARED TO
Do All Kinds of Building.
Bids accompanied by plans and Specifications Furnished on Short Notice
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OFFICE, ROLLINS BROS' STORE,
PIMA, - - ARIZONA

—FOR ALL KINDS OF—
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DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
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and NOTIONS, Go to the
CENTRAL STORE
H. O. CHLARSON,
PROPRIETOR
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Headquarters
FOR SANTA CLAUS
I have received a complete assortment of Holiday Goods and am prepared to sell them at very low prices. Don't send away for your Christmas Toys when yon can get them cheaper at home.
Dolls and Carriages, Carts and Chairs
And a Great Variety of Toys
In fact everything that you can think of or wish for. Come and see my stock, here is Santa Claus' Headquarters,
POST OFFICE STORE, T. T. HUNTER, Prop.
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Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANT
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
Prompt and Careful attention paid to Forwarding of all kinds of goods. We also carry on hand the best selected stock of General Merchandise, Boots and Shose.
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The Guardian Office is now prepared to do all kinds of
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The Guardian has the Best Equipped Job Plant in the Territory, [Size Considered]
Address all orders
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Is the Shortest and Quickest route to Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago and all points
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Best Quality of work at Eastern prices. Mail orders receive prompt attention.
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DEALER IN
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Merchandise
A Full Line of
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BOOTS AND SHOES
Constantly on hand
Hay, Grain and Flour,
FT. THOMAS, - - - ARIZ.

D. M. GREEN,
House, Sign,
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PAINTING,
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in all kinds of
WOOD.
PAPER HANGING A SPECIALTY.
Scenic Painting,
DONE TO ORDER.
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Dress Goods Silks, Satins
and Notions, and Velvets
Special attention given to— Hat Trimming
and Dress-Making
Dresses Made to Order. Satisfaction Guaranteed
Mrs. L. M. Gustavison,
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PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
You will always find our clerks attentive to your wants, and our goods to give satisfaction.
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Main Street, LAYTON.

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Prices Reasonable

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Not Exceeding 10,000 Feet,

Can be filled from the mill in ten days, except ceiling and flooring. OUR PRICES will be found as low as the lowest and we invite the public to give us triaal. We shall endeavor to give complete satisfaction to every Customer. **Special Prices For Cash.**

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60 Cts. Per 100

Wanted Immediately

500 Teams and Wagons
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Apply to

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Best Windmill on Earth.

Windmills 8 to 16 feet. Steel towers 30 to 60 feet. Mill is made of steel, galvanized after completion, and guaranteed.

For raising water for stock or irrigating purposes this mill far surpasses any other make.

Prices: 8-foot, $25.00; 12-foot, $50.00; 16-foot, &125.00

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CARRIES U. S. MAIL. All kinds of Express promptly forwarded.
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Careful Drivers. Easy Stages.

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Reliable Boots & Shoes,
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No Better Stock of Goods in the Valley. Prices guaranteed to meet all competition. A complete line of MENS' CLOTHING Just Received

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Shaving and Latest Styles of hair cutting neatly executed. Razors in first-class condition.
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Highest Cash Prices paid for Hay, Grain and all kinds of Ranch Produce.

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At Cut Prices.

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In Season.
Hives, Smokers, Sections, Honey Extractors, Comb Foundations
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Write for estimates on large quantities. Send for my Bee Book; by Prof. J. M. Rouse, and 20-page "large size" catalogue. Address

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Always prepared to furnish Commercial men first-class Accommodation

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Monthly Boarders furnished special rates

MRS. E. A. GROESBECK,
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Cheapest Rates. Best Tables.

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Board by the Day or Week
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The tables are supplied with the very best to be had in the market; all kinds of vegetables and fruit in season. Families boarded at special rates Give us a call and be convinced

G. B. McCARTY,
Contractor and Builder
SAFFORD, ARIZ.

Graham County

A Few Facts Concerning the Most Fertile Valley of the South-West.

OUR MINERAL WEALTH

Is Unsurpassed Both in Richness and Quantity. Through the art of Irrigation a Large Portion of our County has Become a Perfect Garden.

Graham county lies in the southeastern portion of the Territory, having been formed from Pima and Apache counties by the Legislature of 1881. It has been but little known, owing to its isolated situation, up to 1894, when the Gila Valley, Globe & Northern railroad was built from the Southern Pacific road, at Bowie, into the county. At this writing it has its terminus at Thomas, but is pushing ahead, with the rich mining district of Globe, in Gila county, for its objective point. This road traverses the valley of the Gila, which comprises the largest and best tract of agricultural land in the eastern part of the Territory.

The area of the county approximates 7000 square miles. It is all at an elevation of more than 2,500 feet above sea level, which secures it from the burning heats experienced in the lower valleys to the west. Its surface is diversified by rolling hills, precipitous and rugged mountain ranges. elevated plateaus and valleys, all producing nutritious grasses fairly well in seasons of average rain fall, and affording good pasturage for a reasonable amount of stock.

The agricultural development is as yet confined to the rich alluvial soils of the river valleys, as water for irrigation is cheaply and abundantly diverted from the running streams. Here the proper system of water appropriation has been followed, The owners of the land co-operate and build and own the canals that supply their land with the necessary water, each farmer paying his pro rata of the expense attending the keeping up of the ditches and distribution of water.

Land and water here go together. When one buys a farm here he gets a certain amount of interest in a dith that supplies his land.

The range of crops includes all kinds of small grain, corn and cotton, Irish and sweet potatoes, and all root crops, in fact everything grown in the most favored spots in the temperate zone. The capacity of our irrigated lands for fruits has not been tested except in a desultory way, each farmer having a small general orchard, but results point to agreat future for horticulture. The prune, apple, pear and peach reach great size and perfection here. The seedlings produced seldom fail to equal in size and quality the grafted varieties. Some of the semitropical fruits do well, such as figs, pomegranates, and tender varieties of grapes. It is doubtful if citrus fruit can be largely cultivated.

We do not claim to produce fruits six weeks earlier than California or any other place. But we get them in proper season, of the finest quality and so abundantly that they can be put in the markets in as good condition and as cheaply and profitably perhaps as in any portion of the Union; when such business is intetligently pursued. What will perhaps most interest our readers outside of the county will be the opportunities here afforded for those desiring new homes, actuated by climatic or the many other reasons which cause a desire to change.

There is but little chance to take land under the Homestead or other acts, where water for irrigation is easily obtainable, but the price of the best improved lands with first class water rights can, as yet, be purchased at reasonable rates, as compared with many sections, not combining the advantages found here, very cheap rates.

Our highest mountain peaks touch the regions of almost perpetual snow, affording delightful retreats from the heat of summer, and perfectly accessible in a few hours drive.

We believe our county has made as good progress in all materal development as any portion of the Territory, and it is based on that best of security, agriculure and great mineral deposits of well defined and permanent character, well managed and sure producers.

To the intending settler we can offer good schools, daily mails, good markets and good society. To those who first take advantage of the opportunities herein outlined will accrue the chance for best and most profitable investment.

We shall from time to time devote space to the further elaboration of facts concerning Graham county without exaggeration or misstatement.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

—Perfumes are now extensively manufactured in the United States, and the native articles are said by experts to compare favorably with foreign manufactures.

—England manufactures perfumes on a very large scale, importing many of the materials from other countries, but also making large use of home-grown herbs and flowers.

—Many woods have sugar and gum in their composition, and the presence of these elements is generally shown by the attraction the wood seems to have for many kinds of insects.

—The wheat yield in the Genesee valley, Idaho, this season is immense. W. N. Gibb thrashed 9,000 bushels off of 200 acres, averaging about 45 bushels to the acre. Dan Healy cut and thrashed 14 acres of wheat that went 52 bushels to the acre.

—A Missouri rattlesnake at the museum of comparative zoology at Cambridge has been observed to lose his skin twice a year and to add a rattle for every skin. Instead of losing the rattles as he does the skin, they are retained by the closing of the inner end of the old rattle over the knob of the new one, and accidents accepted, the snake bears with him this record of his age.

—The trade in California sweet wines is showing a gratifying increase. The total estimated product for this year is 3,000,000 gallons, which is 25 per cent. more than was marketed last year. Heretofore there has been little profit in the vintages because of the fierce competition of growers, but the producers have now made arrangements with a sweet-wine syndicate which will control the entire product of the state and give all concerned some share in the profit.

—In America it has been observed that bees often bore tubular corollas in order to get at the nectar of flowers, instead of entering by the mouth, as humblebees do in Europe. In essays on the crossfertilization of flowers, this supposed anomaly has been the subject of much comment. It now appears that the humblebees of Europe and America have identical habits in regard to the manner in which visits to flowers are made, and that it is the class of insects known as the carpenter bee, or the borer, which works in the outside manner indicated.

—The question of the influence of the size of seeds upon germination and upon the size of the plants that spring therefrom has recently been studied anew by Mr. B. R. Galloway, a summary of whose conclusions is given by the Gardeners' Chronicle. The weight and size of the seed are of great importance. A large seed germinates better and more quickly, and with it one can count upon having at the same moment from 85 to 90 per cent. of the total crop, while with small seeds the crop reaches maturity only in successive periods of time, so that at no moment in gathering the crop in toto could we have the same proportion of the whole. Besides, where with small seeds four successive crops are obtained, we have six with large seeds, their evolution occurring with greater rapidity.

THE SIN-EATER.

A Curious Funeral Rite Which Obtained in Wales.

The principality of Wales has within living memory possessed an official known as the "sin-eater." It was the practice for a relative—usually a woman—to put on the breast of a deceased person a quantity of bread and cheese and beer, and the sin-eater was sent for to consume them and to pronounce the everlasting rest of the departed. It was believed that in doing this he absolutely ate and appropriated to himself the sins symbolized by the viands, and thereby prevented their disturbing the repose of the sinner who had committed them. Such an arrangement would obviously leave nothing to be desired on the one side, but how it worked on the other we are not told. What was supposed to be the condition of this spiritual undertaker after the ceremony was concluded? Did his "appropriation" of the dead man's sins imply a sort of moral assimilation of them, answering to his physical assimilation of the bread and cheese? The question would obviously be one of some importance to a sin-eater in large practice. If the responsibilities of his profesion were as great as ties of his profession were as great as hypothesis, he would need to retire from it early, and to devote a considerable portion of his closing years to repentance and good works.

Again, it is natural to ask what happened at the decease of a popular or "fashionable" sin-eater. Would anyone among his professional brethren undertake to eat his sins, even in the first flush of satisfaction produced by stepping into his shoes? If so, then, indeed, has the epithet of "gallant" been rightly bestowed upon little Wales. It is as though one doctor succeeding to another's practice should consent to assume the moral responsibility for his late colleague's treatment of all his deceased patients, in addition to his own similar burdens.

We yield to none in admiration of the quiet and homely heroism of the medical profession, but we doubt whether it would enable them to face such an ordeal as this. As to the Welsh practitioners to whom we have compared them, we shrink from pursuing the analysis further. It is evident that, as in the schoolboy game of "conquerors," where a stone which can smash the smasher, of, say, 43 other stones takes over all its conquests, and becomes itself a "forty-fourer," so the responsibilities of these unhappy men might accumulate at an alarming rate. One hardly dares to contemplate the internal condition of the sin-eater who had in life attended a long series of other sin-eaters. The cheese would be almost converted into Welsh rabbit before he had got it down.—London Times.

RANCH FOR SALE.

Eighty acres of improved land two miles from Safford, patented thirty acres in alfalfa, twenty-five acres planted in corn, comfortable adobe dwelling, best well of water in the valley, irrigation facilities unsurpassed, water cannot fail until the Gila river goes dry. The ranch will pay the purchase money in two years from the alfalfa alone.

Apply to
F. L. B. GOODWIN, Solomonville

The Guardian.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1895.

Santa Fe Prescott & Phoenix

SOUTHWARD. No 1			NORTHWARD. No 2
pm 7 00	lv d	Ash Fork ar	5 10 pm
7 18		Meath	5 54
7 33		Wickiow	4 26
7 48		Rock Butte	4 20
8 15		Cedar Glade	3 50
		Lee s Spur	
		Robert's Spur	
8 30		Valley	3 30
8 45		Del Rio	3 15
9 05		Jerome Junction	2 35
9 20		Granite	2 40
9 33		Massicks	2 26
9 48		Whipple	2 12
9 50	ar	Prescott lv	2 10
10 05	lv	Prescott ar	1 55
10 35		Iron Springs	1 17
10 38		Summitt	1 15
11 15		Ramsgate	12 45
11 40	ar	d Saull Valley	12 20
pm 12 01	lv	d Saull Valley	12 01
12 20		Kirtland	11 40 am
12 50		Grand View	11 15
1 10		Hillside	10 55
1 40		Date Creek	10 30
2 00		Martinez	
2 45		Congress	9 50
3 05		Harqua Hala	9 10
3 40		Wickenbury	8 45
4 15		Vulture	8 16
4 35		Hot Springs Junction	8 00
5 10		Beardsley	7 35
5 30		Marinette	7 18
5 40		Peoria	7 10
5 55		Glendale	7 00
		Hesperia	
6 10		Alhambra	6 45
pm 6 30	ar	phenix lv	6 30 am

We rather think that the teacher of the Lone Star school overreached the mark when he screamed for Clifton, Thomas, San Jose, Curtis, Central and Morenci to come to his aid in the "getting of our legal rights under the law." Why not go on and call on Solomonville, Layton, Safford, Thatcher and Pima to assist also.

The inference given out at Washington by Indian Agent Meyer, of San Carlos, that the recent murder at Ash Springs was the probable work of Mexicans and not Indians is a miserable slander such as in some localities would call for a prompt application of tar and feathers. The War Department should dismiss him at once for giving out false information to further his own selfish desire, if his language is correctly reported.

The Safford dramatic company will put a play on in Jacobson's Hall about New Years, the proceeds to be given to the family of Horatio H. Merrill, who was killed by the Indians last week. It will also be presented at Thatcher and Pima for the same purpose. This is commendable in the company, but the company's action is no more worthy than the action of each individual who contributes 50 cents to witness the play, or the hall owner, who donates the use of his hall, or the orchestra that furnishes music free.

The Guardian often receives communications for publication without the writer's signature. Such communications always find their way to the waste basket, unless from our regular correspondents. We received a communication last week regarding the Kid which we would have been glad to publish had the writer signed his name. It is not necessary for the name to be published but the office must be in possession of it. If the writer of that communication will send in his name the article will be published.

Whitelaw Reed, the New York journalist, who is spending the winter at Phenix has the following to say of our Territory in a letter to an Eastern friend:

"The climate here is wonderful and I am gaining strength quite rapidly. I take quite an interest in this territory and am quite willing to believe that it has a great future. Irrigation is the key, though, I believe, and after sufficient developing has been done Arizona should inform the outside world of her resources. Most people gain their ideas of this section from the appearance of the country through which the great trunk lines run, but this is manifestly unjust, since those sections of the territory are mostly desert. After a while, however, and when more knowledge of this territory has been diffused, Arizona will be all right."

When Harry Warren wrote that article in last weeks *Bulletin*, on the apportionment law, and which bristles all over with anarchism, why did he not sign the article himself, as he agreed to do with at least one of the trustees. The "said" Warren held this promise out as an inducement to the Board in order to get them to sign it, and then forwarded the article for publication without his own signature. We ask why did he do this? The answer is plain. He know that if his signature was attached, the people would readily see what motive was behind it. Did Mr. Warren write that article purely for the benefit of the children of the Lone Star District or did he write it from a selfish standpoint? We would advise the "said" Warren not to monkey with a buzz saw."

UNION ON CANDIDATES MEANS VICTORY.

We think we may take it for granted that every man in the United States who is in favor of the coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, on equal terms with gold, and also an independent financial policy for the United States, is in favor of union with all others who entertain the same views. It must be obvious to all intelligent men that without such union, releif can never come. We believe this proposition to be true, and we advocate such a union and suggest a discussion of the propriety of the silver men coming together without regard to previous political asociation. The response to this suggestion coming from all sections of the country is most gratifying. There has been hardly exceptions enough to demand our notice. The few who have objected have admitted that the money question was not the paramount issue with them and that their advocacy of financial reform was a mere secondary matter. In fact, if they were to be judged by the language they used, they would be classed with emissaries of Wall Street. The fact being established, that all who are earnestly in favor of financial reforn, not only recognize the desirability, but admit the necessity ,of a union of all the silver men of all parties. Every prominent candidate for President in the Republican party is in favor of the single gold standard, so long as the creditor class, which govern Europe and particularly England, desire to take advantage of the debtor and producing classes by increasing the purchasing power of money. In other words they are in favor of the gold standard until avarice is abolished. The Republican party not only demonetized silver but has ever since 1873, as an organization, exerted all the power it possessed to maintain the gold standard: its party platforms, are in favor of the English gold standard. No man of common sense can possibly have the slightest hope of any relief from the Republican party. It is a gold party and opposed to silver.

The hopelessness of obtaining free coinage through Cleveland's Wall Street selfish supporters is so apparent that comments are unnecessary. The only question worth discussing is: How shall the silver forces be brought together to insure victory? They are all agreed upon the main issue of financial reform. If the Populists, Silverites, and silver Democrats were to convene in seperate conventions they would adopt substaintially the same financial platform. They would undoubtedly have different planks in all their platforms involving different theories of government, but other reforms and other theories of government cannot come to the front while the main issue remains: whether the United States shall have an independent financial policy or shall be governed by the advocates of the English gold policy and English commercial supremacy. There can be no reforms that will do the people any good while the volume of money is contracting, prices falling and the masses growing poorer and poerer and the rich more exacting and arrogant every day. There must be more money and better prices or there can be no prosperity in this country, and what is worst of all, the continnance of hard times and falling prices is destroying the independence and manhood of the people and sapping the foundation of our institutions. No free government can long survive continued falling prices. That is the road to barbarism and slavery. It has been traveled too often by too many nations in former times to be mistaken, and unless the people will rally for financial reform there is no rallying point. There is no other issue upon which a majority who are opposed to the English gold standard can agree. They must agree and can agree upon the paramount issue, or all other reform issues will be lost.—*Silver Knight.*

Wedding Bells.

A quiet wedding took place at the residence of Bishop Joseph Cluff at Central yestrday. The contracting parties were Miss Romania O. Cluff and Mr. Lewis P. Mattice. A large number of relatives and friends were present to wish them a happy and prosperous journey through life. The ceremony was performed by W. D. Johnson. Both the bride and groom are well known throughout the valley.

DUNCAN.

B. B. Adams spent the week calling on his lady acquaintances here.

Ben Crawford spent a few days in Clifton last week.

Frank Reed, the mining expert has returned to Carlisle.

Dinsmore, Nicks & McMillan have sold their claim to H. W. Child for $750.

The Imperial mine was bought by H. W. Child from Boone, Adams and others for $4,000, that is for a half interest only.

Two companies of soldiers were in town last week.

Jas. T. Tony and wife are looked for from San Francisco this week, where they went to sell their mining interest to Mr. Child.

P. Ward is visiting his home again but expects to leave for Mexico in a few days.

Twenty-five tons of ore was shipped to Deming last week by Bart Tipton that will run up to $70 per ton.

Geo. M. Nicks and family will move to Texas next week.

Mrs. A. J. Smith went to El Paso to receive care from a doctor. Word comes back that she is much improved. Mr. Dinsmore and the doctor from Carlisle accompanied her.

There is to be a wedding here soon the parties think it is kept very quiet but every child knows of it within the district. Luck to them.

Judge Haynie has been on the sick list for the past two weeks, but we are glad to say is much improved at this writing.

Capt. Black took four Mexicans supposed to be horse thieves to Solomonville last Tuesday. They were trailed to Lordsburg from here. The Captain's horse gave out before he reached Lordsburg so the constable of that place, took a few of Duncan's boys, made the arrest three miles east of there and turned the prisoners over to Deputy Black. It is supposed they stole horses from San Jose.

Violin and Guitar strings at the Safford Drug Store. 10-18-tf.

Blank promisory notes for sale at the Guardian office.

The Club Meeting.

The night for the meeting of the Improvement and Social Club has been changed to Wednesday night. At the last meeting a set of by-laws were adopted, and the Chairman of the committee on street work reported that the street improvement was going on satisfactorily. The committee was instructed to set a day and call on all property owners to turn out and clear the streets, and the ladies are to prepare a dinner for the workers.

After the business a nice literary program was rendered. This club is beginning so attract considerable attention from the outside.

Paints, oils and brushes at the Safford Drug Store. 10-18-tf.

Last night as Miss Eva Montierth was coming to Safford on horseback some children frightened her horse and it threw her to the ground brusing her face quite badly.

Cran berries, oranges, lemons and apples at Fonda's. 1t.

One of the nicest saloons in the valley is the new one just opened in Safford by Wanslee & Ijams!

Finest flavoring extracts at the Safford Drug Store. 10-18 tf.

Sheriff's Sale.

In the District Court, Second Judicial District Territory of Arizona, in and for the County of Graham.

Millard F. McBride, Plaintiff,
VS
William M. Hurst, John W. Wiley, August Kiehne, Emeline Putnam, Metropolitan National Bank of Kansas City, Missouri, Fish & Keck Company of Kansas City, Missouri and Henry Kollar, partners doing business under the firm name of Hurst, Black, Kiehne & Wiley, Defendants.

Under and by virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the above named court on the 27th day of November, 1895, and to me as Sheriff duly directed and delivered, on a judgment rendered in said court, in the above entitled action, on the 18th day of October, 1895, for the sum of One Thousand, Nine Hundred Seven Dollars and Seventy Nine Cents, ($1,907-.79,) with interest thereon, and costs of suit, together with a foreclosure of the attachment lien upon the personal property hereinafter described, upon which I have duly seized and levied, in said order of sale described as follows, to-wit:

All cattle in Graham County, Territory of Arizona, branded Y on both shoulders with a swallow fork out of the left ear and crop off the right ear. Also all horses branded Y on the left hip or thigh. Also all cattle branded X with the above described ear mark, and also all stock cattle branded + on both shoulders

All of said cattle and horses range in said Graham County, Territory of Arizona. The number of cattle being about Ten Thousand (10,000) head and the number of horses being about One Hundred (100) head.

Public notice is hereby given that I will, at the court house door of the said county of Graham, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. on Saturday, the 21st day of December, 1895, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash, in lawful money of the United States, all the right, title, claim and interest of the above named defendants in, of and to the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy said judgment and costs of suit, and all accruing costs.

ARTHUR A. WIGHT,
Sheriff.

Dated November 29th, 1895.

Notice for Publication.

Homestead No. 1447.

Land Office at Tucson Ariz.
Nov. 5. 1895.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court at Solomonville, Arizona, on December 21, 1895. viz

George H. Eldredge, of Fort Grant, Arizona, for the S E ¼ Sec 21, Twp 9 S, R. 23 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz:

Benjamin W. Olney and Pedro Michelena, of Solomonville, Arizona; Patrick Maher, of Fort Grant, Arizona, and Miles Wood, of Bonita, Arizona.

EUGENE J. TRIPPEL,
REGISTER.

11-8-6t

THE BEST

XMAS

Goods

IN TOWN

At the

SAFFORD DRUG STORE

John Blake. Hugh McMullen.

JOHN BLAKE & CO.,

Roller Flour Mills

DEALERS IN

Grain, Corn Meal, Bran and Shorts,

Produce and General Merchandise.

CHOP FEED ALWAYS ON HAND

FLOUR BRANDS: BELLE OF '95. XXXX.

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REDWOOD FINISHING

LUMBER

CEILING AND SHINGLES

Oregon and Puget Sound Flooring

and Sugar Pine Lumber

PLANS SPECIFICATIONS AND ESTIMATES FURNISHED

D. W. Wickersham, Teviston, Ariz

Adolph Solomon El Paso, Tex.

Solomon & Wickersham

Wholesale Jobbers

We carry constant on hand Canned Goods, Blacksmith Coal, Beer, Potatoes and Onions, Beans, Bacon and Lard, Pride of Denver Flour, White Star Soap, Sugar etc., and are prepared to offer bottom prices throughout the Gila Valley and Globe.

ALSO CLIMAX AND DURHAM TOBACCO

BOWIE STATION ARIZONA

DON'T OVERLOOK

THE FACT

That I have the largest line of Christmas Goods ever displayed in the county. You need not send away for your toys and trinkets, dolls and other Christmas gifts as you can find what you want at my store. I will have the entire line displayed next week. Don't fail to come and make your purchases so as to obtain first choice. Don't forget that it is getting good and cold and that your mother or sister needs a new winter dress. Come and look at my stock of winter Dress Goods, it is complete and it will pay you to buy of me even if you have to come 50 miles. I am selling for cash and prices are according lew.

I. E. Solomon,

SOLOMONVILLE

Christmas is Drawing Near!

And if you have failed as yet to make your Holiday Purchase drop a postal card for my new HOLIDAY CATALOGUE containing the latest novelties in

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWEERY

Diamonds and Silverware.

The prices too are not only right but intended to capture you at sight as steadfast customers.

Mail orders are my Specialty, Hence Don't Forget.

H. A. ZECKENDORF,

The Leading Jeweler

Home Office and Store, Tucson, Arizona

Pima Drug Co.,

PIMA, A. T.

WE CARRY IN STOCK THE BEST LINE OF

Drugs and Pure Medicines.

PATENT MECICINES.
FANCY ARTICLES
TOILET ARTICLES
MEDICATED SOAPS
PERFUMERY
&c., &c., &c.

We also Carry a Complete Line of

Eye Glasses, Spectacles, and Goggles

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

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